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THIS IS UNEVALUATED INFORMATION

1. The Chinese Communist authorities in Peiping allowed all representatives of the Nationalists at the peace conference of early April 1949 to remain in or leave Peiping as they wished.
2. LIU Fei returned to Nationalist China, because he is one of the key figures of the San Min Chu Yi Youth Corps and could never expect a position with the Communists.
3. CHIANG Chih-chung remained in Peiping and took his family there. He is considered a liberal by the Communists as a result of discussions held during three visits to Yenan after 1946, and stands a good chance of obtaining a position in the new government. CHIANG, however, is not expected to have much to do with Sinkiang Province, in which he was governor and where he has a following.
4. SHAO Li-tzu, one-time Ambassador to Moscow, is in Peiping, being held in the same regard as CHIANG Chih-chung by the Communists. These two men wrote articles for the Peiping press, denouncing the Kuomintang and especially CHIANG Kai-shek.

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